

Annual report 2015



Closer to the Wikimedians
Closer to the Wikimedia Projects



Wikimedia CH

Wikimedia CH

Association for the advancement of free knowledge is a non-profit association aimed to support the free dissemination of knowledge in Switzerland, including projects hosted by the Wikimedia Foundation. These collaborative projects include the free encyclopedia Wikipedia, the multimedia database Wikimedia Commons, the collection of educational texts Wikibooks, the news portal Wikinews, the collection of quotations Wikiquote or the collection of books Wikisource. Created on 14 May 2006, it brings together participants and users of Wikimedia projects. We speak the four official languages of Switzerland (German, French, Italian and Romansch) as well as the Alemannic dialects.

Wikimedia CH is recognized as a local Chapter by the Wikimedia Foundation, like 39 others across the world. We are, however, a financially and legally independent entity, obeying different rules and leadership. Wikimedia CH does not host any of the projects of the Wikimedia Foundation nor does it have any special publishing rights on them.

To support our activities in Switzerland

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A word from the president

Wikimedia CH takes pride in being a dynamic nonprofit organization in the cultural, educational and also technological fields of a dynamic and multilingual country such as Switzerland. Communication within the association happens in English as well as in the national languages. For the first year we've now had a Community Liaison working part-time with volunteers in each of the three linguistic areas. They have organized and supported various events that resulted in additional great content for the Wikimedia projects, for example the Wikivillage contest with school teams in the canton of Vaud. Kiwix, which has won a "best open source project" award, was also one of the highlights of this year.

The Wikimedia projects speak to us in many languages, not least in the language of images. This brochure provides a small glimpse of illustrations from Switzerland that can be viewed and freely reused around the world. Thanks to our GLAM program you can take rare historical documents and images with you anywhere and anytime.

2016 is another year to look forward to, as Wikimedia CH celebrate its 10th year of encouraging free access to knowledge. Having witnessed this first decade, I'm glad that I could communicate (the word literally means "to share") so well with numerous like-minded people over so many years.

Patrick Kenel
President

Facts and Figures



64'000

New media supported by WMCH



13,1 million

Average monthly image views of media supported by WMCH



258

WMCH members



1625

Active Swiss Wikipedians (monthly average)
German : 46% English 26% French 23% Italian 5%



3'660 million

Wikipedia page views worldwide, per year
Switzerland : 30 million



1230

Edits per minute

Wiki loves Earth



What originally started as Wiki loves Monuments has had a growing success since its inception in 2011

Left : Pond and cotton-grass in the Swiss Alps, Piz Terri mountain in the background. Photograph : Martingarten

Top right : Swiss winner, Storm over Lake Maggiore. Photograph : Ale72forWiki

Right : World winner, Lower Kachura lake. Central Karakoram National Park, Gilgit-Baltistan, Pakistan. Photograph : Zaeem Siddiq



It is hard to imagine how important such a contest is until one realizes that five years ago only a handful of Switzerland's monuments of national significance were consistently documented. Now, thanks to the Wiki loves concept, we have reached more than 98% of coverage (the remaining locations being underwater or even fully buried). Now we also have several thousand articles in our national languages (and also in some of Wikipedia's 290 editions) with illustrations to showcase our national heritage to millions of readers around the world.

This year for the first time was also held a Wiki loves Earth version of the event. Photographers from the world over were invited to document earth's natural heritage

“ We now cover more than 98% of Swiss monuments of national significance ”

and share their images under a free license. Again a huge success, with 26 participating countries and thousands of images uploaded, and again an adventure that involved volunteers who found an

excuse – if one was ever needed – to go out and share what Mother Nature has to offer.

The Swiss winners were declared in July and the worldwide announcement was made in October... with an image from Pakistan, where the contest was also partially supported by Wikimedia Switzerland, who provided the necessary infrastructure for the competition's website.

Preparations are underway for another iteration in 2016 – we are definitely looking forward to seeing another great set of fabulous landscapes.

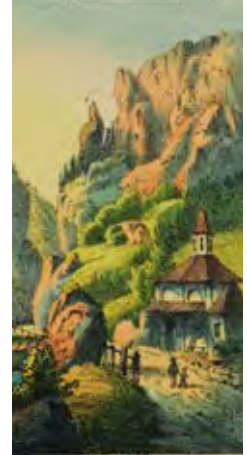
Glams



1



2



3



4



5



6



7

- 1 Officer unidentified cantonal troops – 1793; Swiss National Library
- 2 Helmhaus, Münsterbrücke, Quaibrücke, Fraumünster – 1890; Baugeschichtlichen Archiv, Stadt Zürich

- 3 Livre : “Souvenir des cantons de Grisons et Tessin” – 1838; Swiss National Library
- 4 Globe goblet, Amerbach Cabinet – 1550; Basel Historical Museum

- 5 Federal Constitution of the Swiss Confederation – 1848; Swiss Federal Archives
- 6 Plan of Paris by Truschet et Hoyau – 1550; Basel University Library
- 7 Around lake Geneva collection of views, Villeneuve – 1842; Swiss National Library

Galleries, Archives and Museums

Just like the countless volunteers who everyday help build Wikipedia, those are partners we continuously worked with along this year.

Old friends are still there of course, with the National Archives and the National Library (which both hosted Wikipedians in Residence in 2014) continuing the upload of their respective collections : from the onset, every partnership we join aims at being self-sustainable in the long run – we bring the tools and the know-how, our partners bring valuable and curated content, and when we leave, they should have the means to grow the quantity of available content by themselves. That's how the original copy of the 1848 constitution landed on Wikimedia Commons, and is now gradually finding its way onto many Wikipedia articles.

But there were new friends as well – with our excellent Micha Rieser at its side as ambassadeur extraordinaire, the Basel University Library

started its own program., starting with its collection of ancient maps : among these gems, the oldest available city-map of Paris, created by Olivier Truschet and Germain Hoyau around the year 1550, as well as the oldest known print of the map of the Zürich area (Jos Murer, 1568).

But its not all about fancy images : we used these partnerships to also directly improve encyclopedic content, with several onsite edit-a-thons aimed at creating or developing biographic entries for Swiss individuals. Last but not least, the Statistics Office of the City of Zurich officially decided to release all of its data under a Creative Commons license (meaning that you can now access and reuse all of it for free).



Top 10 most viewed sources of illustrations on Wikipedia — 2015

Source	Total views (all times)	
1. US Military	24'950'177'307 views	
2. Library of Congress	14'587'504'530 views	
3. NASA	9'584'564'186 views	
4. Public domain Art (Yorck Project)	7'003'326'792 views	
5. German Federal Archives	6'334'365'472 views	
6. National Archives and Records Administration	4'105'718'463 views	
7. Geograph British Isles project	3'825'362'925 views	
8. British Museum	2'260'196'109 views	
9. Kremlin.ru	1'881'034'029 views	
10. Supported by Wikimedia CH	1'526'274'510 views	

Kiwix



Another year, another set of milestones for Kiwix, the offline version of Wikipedia

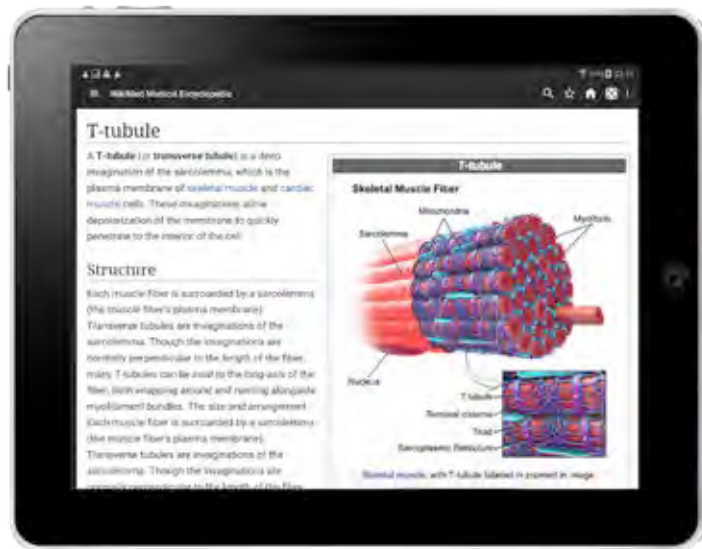
First of all, maybe it should not be described as « offline Wikipedia » anymore : starting this Spring, the app not only offers the full contents of the encyclopedia (in each and every one of its 290 languages if you so wish), but also the contents of all of its sister projects : Wiktionary, Wikisource (which doubles what's already on offer with the Gutenberg library of public domain books), Wikivoyage (quite the handy alternative to travel guides), and so on. All the Wikimedia projects, in every language, updated on a regular basis.

Then in July came Wikimed, a curated collection of all health care-related articles from the English Wikipedia. And then came

the TED talks, the famous conferences of ideas worth spreading. Better than ever, Kiwix is now starting to offer curated content and videos, for everyone, everywhere. With the release of an iOS version this Summer, Kiwix is now available on all major platforms – and reaching several thousand downloads every month from all corners of the world. And demand there is, from the Senegalese Navy to Hanvoice's Project E (smuggling knowledge across the North Korean border), to more « traditional » uses in classrooms across much of the Southern hemisphere. No wonder then that we won the Swiss Open Source award and that one of our partners (Libraries without borders) won the Google impact challenge!



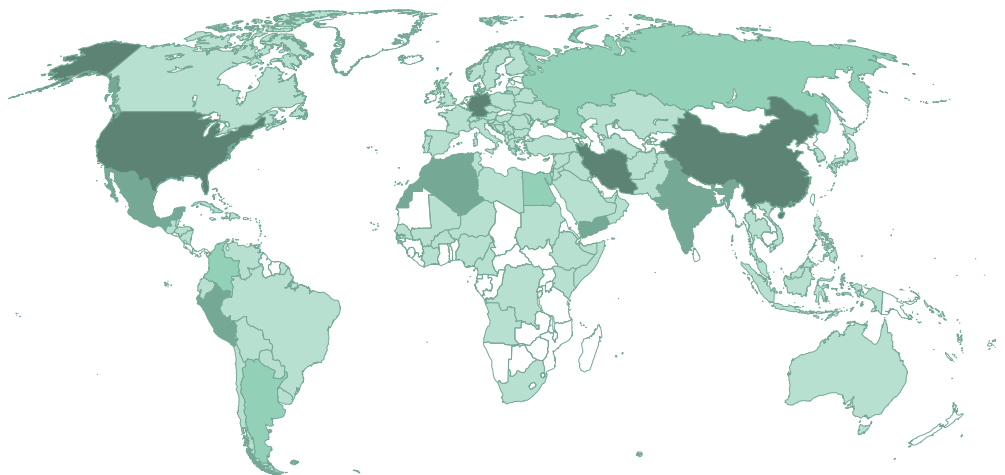
The Kiwix-based WikiProject Med, which offers a curated collection of health care content from the English Wikipedia, is particularly popular in India.



The iOS app came out this Spring.

Kiwix is currently being used in more than a hundred countries and territories and complements other programs from the Wikimedia Foundation like Wikipedia Zero, where mobile phone providers accept to give access to Wikimedia content free of charge. But for those with no or little access to a reliable network, for classrooms and their students, Kiwix remains a prime and affordable solution. Our plans for 2016 include the development of a Raspberry pi compatible platform so as to lower the cost of the Kiwix plug, and increase the quality of feedback we get from our current partners so as to drive future developments.

Who uses Kiwix?



Community



Wikimedia CH is here to support Wikimedians across the country

As volunteers donate their time to improve Wikimedia projects, it is our task to help them achieve their goal and create quality content. This support can be manifold, from lending photographic equipment to getting press accreditations for high-level sports competitions. We also provide microgrants for small projects or purchases, such as books, old recordings that can later be digitized, hard drives and, yes, even access to a famous person's death certificate. The idea for Wikimedia CH is to provide that extra little nudge that helps people create great content that would otherwise not be there.

We also encourage Wikimedians to meet and collaborate « in real life », and have a scholarship program for those who want to attend

wiki-related events, such as Wikimania, the German-speaking WikiCon, or a photo workshop in Graz. Closer to home, we also make a point to host our traditional (and popular) New Year's brunch, or promote collaborative writing workshops dedicated to such themes as peace, biographies or Swiss cities : the idea behind all this is that for such an impersonal medium as the internet, a little bit of face-to-face every once in a while goes a long way to smooth interactions and encourage emulation.

A perfect example of Wikimedians getting together to create valuable content, this year's Wiki takes Biel/Bienne photo expedition helped us improve the coverage of the city. Overall, our activities took us in 2015 alone from Basel to Zurich via

Bern, Frauenfeld, Geneva, Lausanne, Lugano, Neuchatel, Solothurn and a few more. Attendance was good, and, most importantly, allowed some first-time editors to learn the ropes directly from the old guard.

Also of note this year, the election hackday that was simultaneously held in Zurich and Lausanne with our friends from [opendata.ch](#), and the launch of a series of editing workshops specifically dedicated to female contributors (called “Let’s bridge the gender gap!”) in collaboration with the University of Geneva : all available spots were taken in a matter of days, confirming an even greater demand than we had anticipated : the program therefore, should be duplicated and expanded in 2016. Wikivillages, whereby secondary school students were encouraged to edit and improve articles related to their hometown, ended with the school year. There again, a new version should be offered in 2016.



HC Lugano vs. Genève-Servette HC. Author : Fabien Perissonotto



Leica III f Chrome from 1954. Author : Kameraprojekt Graz 2015



Himalaya salt. Author : Kameraprojekt Graz 2015



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